Chicago Tribune.

VOL. XX. CHICAGO, TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1866. NUMBER 91.

...ERN LOYALISTS' CONVENTION.

...ver to the Delegates from the People of Philadelphia.

...porary Organization ...tion of the Convention.

...ch of Hon. P. J. Dr... ...nt, Temporary President.

...ournment Until Ten O'clock To-day.

...oor Meetings Held Last Evening.

PRESIDENT'S ELECTIONEERING TOUR.

...rs. Johnson and Seward Talk to the People of Buffalo.

Party to be in Cleveland To-day.

...M WASHINGTON.

...sting to Union Soldiers Wanting Artificial Limbs.

...e Debt Statement Not Yet Ready.

...ROM EUROPE.

...T EVENING'S NEWS BY CABLE.

...ian Army to be Reduced to a Peace Footing.

...ark Figuring for an Alliance ...tween Prussia, Austria and Russia.

...Year's Atlantic Cable Recovered.

...unication Between Heart's ...ontent and the Great Eastern, via Valentia.

SOUTHERN LOYALISTS' CONVENTION.

...y and Enthusiastic Reception ... City Draped with Flags—The Procession—Opening of the ...ention—Temporary Organization ...Adjournment until Ten O'clock ...Rooms Lost ...

[Special Dispatch to the Chicago Tribune.]

PHILADELPHIA, September 3.—The city is all [illegible] is decorated with flags and evergreens, ...which has outdone all her previous efforts ...it is early hour, this city blossomed with ...ags, and the streets were filled with enthusiastic ...ople. It seems as if every citizen who owned ...ag (if not, and so of all owners of flags ...ERCE, every staff) had a flag on it. The public ...ildings were Independence Square, ...Independence Hall, where the Union League ...here the Southern men were formally ...ed, and National Hall, where the Conven... ...ight o'clock the entrances to Indepe... ...Square were closed to it, except the... ...ntlemen who were specially invited to receive them, ...mbers of the press. As the delegations ...ed through Independence Hall into ...ere received by the Union League in one of the ...ge halls on the ground. It was one ...ful sight to see Judge Kelley, and ...ad and elegant speech. At the re... ...ion of the Tennessee Senate, led in a fer... ...e scene was most impressive, and ...ll who witnessed it very deeply, as, ...ere fearless memorials of the first war ...ality, the solemn pavilion ascended for a ...ment to the skies. The Press building has attracted a large crowd ...ll-night by its splendid illumination, and the ...ll-night assemblage of people. In fact... ...ctation, a body representing the best class of ...oung men in the city, was a grand affair. ...ere was no lack of ladies, and the Union League ...se, notwithstanding the absence, and at the ...o'clock a torch-light procession, over three hours ...ng, attended by a band and the ...through Chestnut street in the midst of a severe ...der storm.

The Southern men—New York men have arrived to-night, who have heretofore supported Mr. Johnson, and they say they find a change over the ...ir old blue-plenty and vulgarity is rapidly spread... ...ng among his supporters, and that all who pro... ...ess to be ashamed of him. They think, although they believe in his policy as Presid... ...they will not countenance him as a blackguard.

The names of citizens whose signatures were ...ppended to the call for the Cleveland Convention, ...ere transferred to-day. Many who at first ex... ...ressed a willingness to sign, now say that it seems ...dent all this has been done to malign and ...ridicule those who had been in the ...

The closing his remarks by a refutation of the ...ge that the Democratic party is in favor of ...ery. The key opposition of a Government ...ed to the rights of the States, and the Union ...ved, and where the Government has been ...ed to the test of war, the Democratic party ...ys been found battling for the Union. The ...ions were those whose name shines ever bright... ...ry page of our history.

GOVERNOR RANDOLPH'S SPEECH.

The Governor of Virginia was then called upon by ...Governor Hamilton, of Texas, to the address of ...welcome delivered by Mr. Gilmore to-day.

Governor Randolph, who was received with ...ong applause, said: [illegible] ...ate to be permitted to respond for Gen... ...Andrew Johnson.

Fifth. "Liberty and Union, one and inseparable."—Webster.

Sixth. "Rebel reconstruction—its first act the assassination of President Lincoln; its last, the assassination of Vice President."

The six, to the opposite wall, were as follows:

1. "I tremble for my country when I remember that God is just."—Jefferson.

Second. "We here rightly reserve that the honorable fame that we have died to win; that the nation, under God, shall have a new birth of freedom, and that the Government of the people by the people and for the people, shall not perish from the earth."—Abraham Lincoln at Gettysburg.

Third. "Treason is not a crime to be forgiven. It is a crime to be punished and made odious."—Andrew Johnson. "We will fight it out on this line forever."

Fourth. "Treason defeated in battle shall not rule by ballot."

Fifth. "Remember the martyr Dante's last words, 'Let the good cause go on.'"

Sixth. "I say that the Union must be preserved."—Andrew Johnson.

On the right of the steps was a fine bust of Washington, and on the left, one of Mr. Lincoln. Under the latter was the words:

"Born of the people, will he know to spurn The wants and wishes of the weak and small; Therefore, we hail him as the first to learn And execute the mandate of us all; Therefore, his name is household in us all."

Into a room most appropriately adorned the Southern men entered, and after a brief season of organization from the start it was evident that the Convention was to be a success. And that it has not been enough previous consultation to make the mere outline of business.

After consultation, Judge Setzfield, of Alabama, called the Convention to order, and Mr. Burnet, of Louisiana, was unanimously chosen temporary chairman.

A prayer was then offered, and various resolutions concerning the organization were presented and debated.

Each delegation had, in the meantime, at its several rooms at the Continental, met and perfected its organization. From the start it was evident that the Southern men, who had come here and

Chicago Tribune.

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TUESDAY, SEPTEMBER 4, 1860.

THE CAMPAIGN IN ILLINOIS.

HEADQUARTERS STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE,
Room 5 Tribune Building, Chicago, Aug. 31, 1860.

Hon. Gustave Koerner, Hon. A. Lincoln, will speak as follows:

Belleville.....Monday, September 10.
Carlinville.....Tuesday, September 11.
Carlinville.....Wednesday, September 12.
with Colonel Edward D. Baker and the following places:

Hillsboro.....Friday, September 14.
Vandalia.....Saturday, September 15.
Shelbyville.....Monday, September 17.
Decatur.....Tuesday, September 18.
Bloomington.....Wednesday, September 19.
Lincoln.....Thursday, September 20.
Springfield.....Friday, September 21.

Governor F. Ingersoll and Governor George W. Smith will speak as follows:

Carbondale.....Tuesday, September 11.
Centralia.....Wednesday, September 12.
Salem.....Thursday, September 13.
Shelbyville.....Friday, September 14.
Decatur.....Saturday, September 15.
Bloomington.....Monday, September 17.
Lincoln.....Tuesday, September 18.
Springfield.....Wednesday, September 19.

Hon. Richard Yates will speak as follows:

Jacksonville.....Tuesday, September 11.
Springfield.....Wednesday, September 12

SAFETY FILM

JOHNSON'S PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION.

Opinions of a Republican Editor—The South Carolina Affiliate with It—The Democrats Ratify Its Nominations—Time to Resist—The Convention the Kindering Wedge of Another Civil War.

(From the Shreveport (West Louisiana) News, August 31.)

We never saw a crowd, nor can we be made to believe, that any Southern man can affiliate with such an assemblage, with any respect for his own manhood. The Philadelphia convention is the first of the repeated occasions, as well as heretofore, which have so repeatedly been spread before the country, of the unconquerable spirit of the North to trample upon the South. When our rights were assailed by bandits, when our property was stolen, when our wealth was snatched from our grasp, when our blood was shed in the spoils; and now, when they behold the hand-writing on the wall, they cry down in their despair, like cowards, and with the voice coming from coward hearts, and we are deaf to the call; for we have had all we care to hear, and we can see no known figures side by side with a people who have contributed largely to heap on to consummate a miserable condition.

Let the honest, intelligent Southron, we have all to gain and nothing to lose in the contest, brewing in the North; the time is ripened for action, while all the dark shades of the Chickamauga, or perhaps upon the ensanguined field of Gettysburg, cover the crystal battlements of heaven and smiles, as the cloud of intestine war broods over our land. Let the North, for the day of retribution draweth near.

The gallant, young stalwart hero of many a well fought field, the day of over deliverance is right; the day of over deliverance is at hand, when the fetters shall be broken, and the whole despotism that crushed upon your proud limbs shall be hurled aside, and once more you shall stand in the dark shades of the Chickamauga, or perhaps upon the ensanguined field of Gettysburg, and see

THE PRESIDENT'S EXCURSION.

Speeches on the Route from Buffalo to Detroit.

Long Speeches in the Latter City.

A Citizen of Norwalk, Ohio Asks a Pertinent Question.

THE PRESIDENT CONSIDERS HIMSELF INSULTED.

The Party to Reach Chicago This Evening.

THE SOUTHERN LOYALISTS' CONVENTION.

Hon. James Speed Chosen Permanent President.

No Suppression of Debate to be Allowed.

The Constitutional Amendments to form the Basis of the Platform.

The Delegates Invited to Visit New York in a Body.

Proceedings in the Northern Delegate Convention.

FROM EUROPE.

Last Evening's News by Atlantic Cable.

TREATY OF PEACE RATIFIED BETWEEN PRUSSIA AND HESSE DARMSTADT.

VERMONT ELECTION.

The Republicans carry the State by Increased Majorities.

The Legislature Almost Unanimously Republican.

THE PRESIDENT'S ELECTIONEERING TOUR.

From Cleveland to Detroit—Long Speeches from Johnson and Seward at the Latter City—A Citizen of Norwalk Asks a Pertinent Question—The President Considers Himself Insulted—The Party will Reach Chicago Tonight.

NEW YORK, September 5.—The journey of the President from Cleveland to Detroit, and returned by unfavorable weather, was not entirely successful. At all the stations, and at Cleveland, Norwalk and Detroit, he was serenaded, and addressed by Johnson, Seward and others. The speeches were particularly enthusiastic at Cleveland and Detroit. At the latter city the President remained over night, and delivered his last speech in the evening, and was driven immediately to the depot. During its delivery the President was frequently interrupted by cries of "Treason," "Copperhead," "Traitor," "Hang Jeff. Davis," and other epithets. The President retorted in the severest manner, and charged the interruptions to the lower order of people. The party were joined by a committee from Toledo, who called on the President at Detroit, and invited him to visit that city. The President accepted the invitation, and decided that he will do so for a few hours.

AT BUFFALO.

BUFFALO, N. Y., September 4, 12 M.—The train left Cleveland at 8 A. M. The President and party were received with the usual salutes of artillery, and escorted to the depot by a military and civic procession. Governor Fenton, Lieutenant Governor Dodge, Speaker Littlejohn, Mayor Wilkeson, and other prominent citizens, were present. The President and party were driven to the Mansion House, where a reception was held. Governor Fenton welcomed the President in a few appropriate remarks, to which the President briefly responded. The party will remain here about two hours, leaving the city at 2 P. M. for Niagara Falls, where they will arrive at 4 P. M. They will cross the river to the Canada side, and return to the American side in the evening. The train will then proceed to Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany, and arrive at New York about 7 A. M. on Wednesday.

AT NIAGARA FALLS.

NIAGARA FALLS, September 4, 4 P. M.—The train arrived here at 4 P. M. The party were received by the Mayor and Common Council, and a large concourse of citizens. They were escorted to the Cataract House, where they will remain over night. The President and party crossed the river to the Canada side, and visited the Falls. They will return to the American side this evening, and will leave for Rochester, Syracuse, Utica, Albany and New York tomorrow morning.

AT ROCHESTER.

ROCHESTER, September 4, 8 P. M.—The train arrived here at 8 P. M. The President and party were received by the Mayor and Common Council, and a large concourse of citizens. They were escorted to the Osborn House, where a reception was held. Governor Fenton welcomed the President in a few appropriate remarks, to which the President briefly responded. The party will remain here about two hours, leaving the city at 10 P. M. for Syracuse, Utica, Albany and New York. They will arrive at New York about 7 A. M. on Wednesday.

AT SYRACUSE.

SYRACUSE, September 4, 12 M.—The train arrived here at 12 M. The President and party were received by the Mayor and Common Council, and a large concourse of citizens. They were escorted to the Vanderbilt House, where a reception was held. Governor Fenton welcomed the President in a few appropriate remarks, to which the President briefly responded. The party will remain here about two hours, leaving the city at 2 P. M. for Utica, Albany and New York. They will arrive at New York about 7 A. M. on Wednesday.

AT UTICA.

UTICA, September 4, 4 P. M.—The train arrived here at 4 P. M. The President and party were received by the Mayor and Common Council, and a large concourse of citizens. They were escorted to the Bagg's Hotel, where a reception was held. Governor Fenton welcomed the President in a few appropriate remarks, to which the President briefly responded. The party will remain here about two hours, leaving the city at 6 P. M. for Albany and New York. They will arrive at New York about 7 A. M. on Wednesday.

AT ALBANY.

ALBANY, September 4, 8 P. M.—The train arrived here at 8 P. M. The President and party were received by the Mayor and Common Council, and a large concourse of citizens. They were escorted to the Delavan House, where a reception was held. Governor Fenton welcomed the President in a few appropriate remarks, to which the President briefly responded. The party will remain here about two hours, leaving the city at 10 P. M. for New York. They will arrive at New York about 7 A. M. on Wednesday.

AT NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, September 5, 7 A. M.—The train arrived here at 7 A. M. The President and party were received by the Mayor and Common Council, and a large concourse of citizens. They were escorted to the Astor House, where a reception was held. Governor Fenton welcomed the President in a few appropriate remarks, to which the President briefly responded. The party will remain here about two hours, leaving the city at 9 A. M. for Chicago. They will arrive at Chicago about 7 P. M. on Wednesday.

AT CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, September 5, 7 P. M.—The train arrived here at 7 P. M. The President and party were received by the Mayor and Common Council, and a large concourse of citizens. They were escorted to the Tremont House, where a reception was held. Governor Fenton welcomed the President in a few appropriate remarks, to which the President briefly responded. The party will remain here about two hours, leaving the city at 9 P